



HO Scale GOLDEN VALLEY DEPOT 933-3532

Thanks for purchasing this Cornerstone Series® kit. All parts are styrene plastic, so use only compatible glue and paint. Please read the instructions and study the drawings before starting construction.

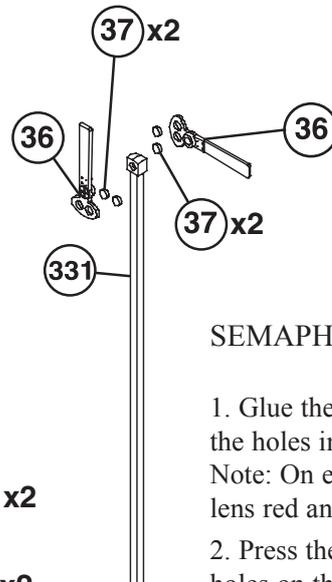
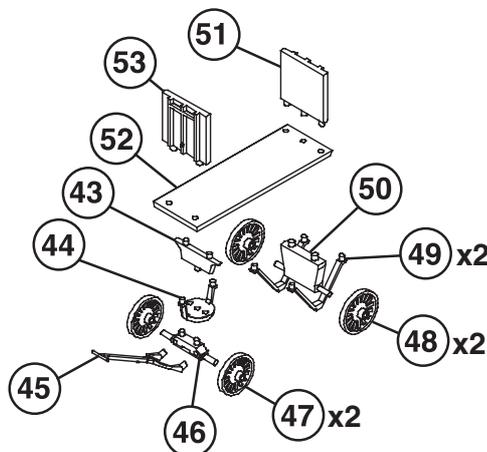
For much of the 20th century, the depot was the most important building in a small town. Where package and freight shipments outnumbered passengers, the combination depot (so named because it was a combination depot and freight station) was a popular

option. By the 1880s, railroads used “Standard Plans” for these stations to reduce costs and provide a structure suited to local needs. This projected a positive “family” image for the railroad, as the same depot might be used at every town on a line. The image was enhanced by standard color schemes, so that all of the railroad buildings near the depot looked alike. Many of these tiny wooden buildings served the railroad for decades, and many survive as shops, museums, offices and private residences.

With additional buildings from the Trackside Structures Kits (933-3530), Golden Valley Freight House Kit (933-3533) and Wooden Water Tank Kit (933-3531), you can model a complete depot scene. For figures, vehicles and scenery materials to finish your station scene, visit your local hobby shop, see the latest edition of Walther's HO Scale Model Railroad Reference Book or visit our Web site at walthercornerstone.com.

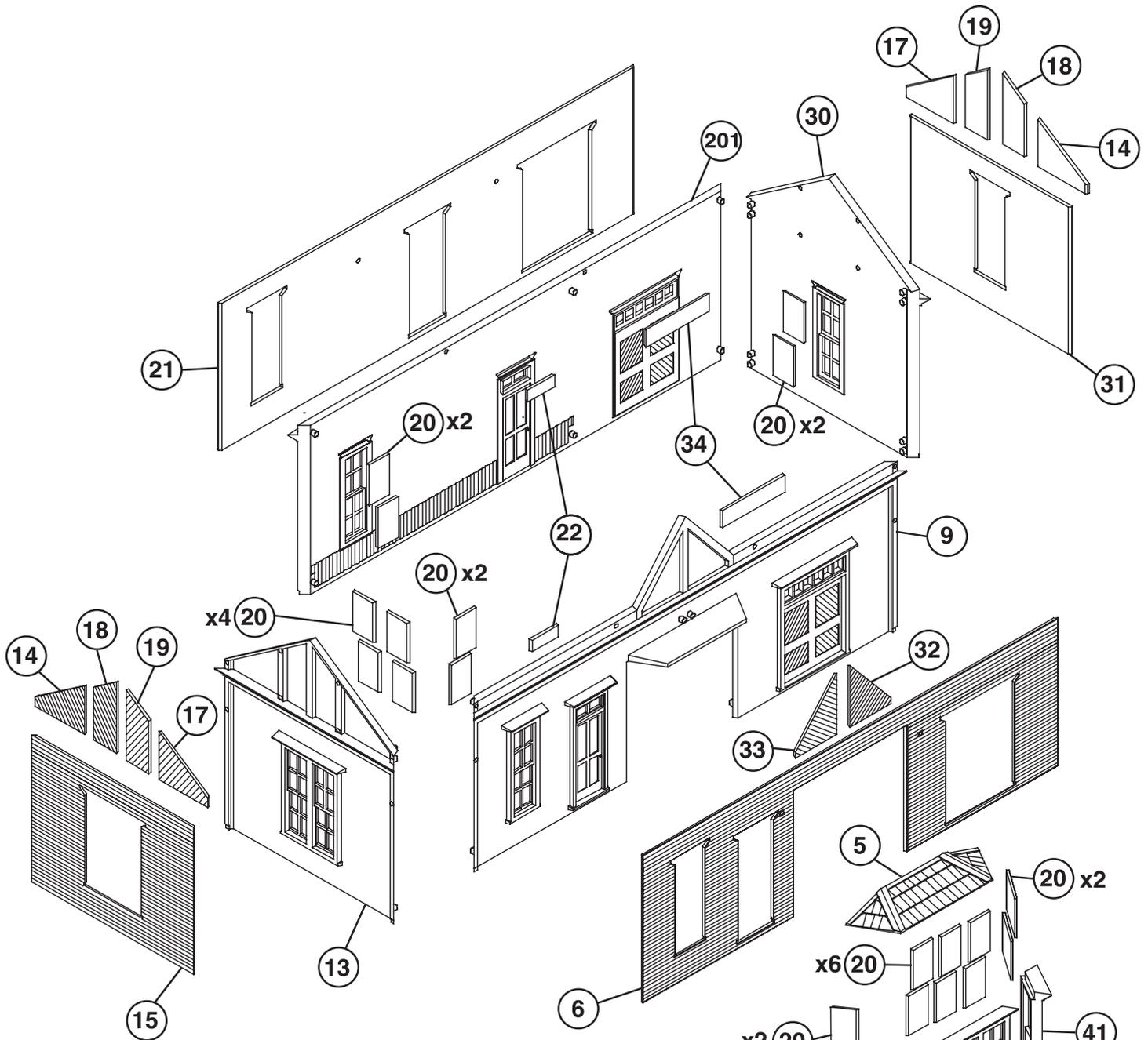
BAGGAGE WAGON

1. Glue front axle support (43) and rear axle (50) to the bottom of the wagon body (52).
2. Glue front axle brace (44) to #43 and #52 and rear braces (49) to #50 and #52.
3. Glue the tongue (45) to the front axle (46) and then glue axle to bottom of #44.
4. Glue the smaller wheels (47) to the front axle and the larger wheels (48) to the rear axle.
5. Glue the front wall (53) and rear wall (51) in place on the body (52). When structure is done you may put the wagon anywhere on or around the platform.



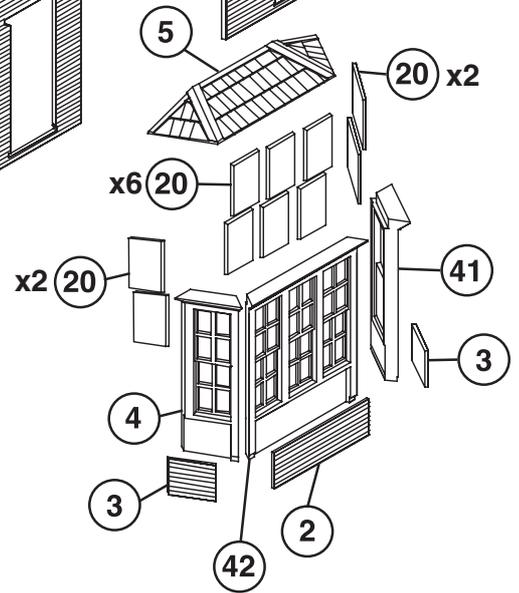
SEMAPHORE

1. Glue the clear lenses (37) in the holes in the vanes (36). Note: On each vane, paint one lens red and the other green.
2. Press the vanes into the holes on the top of the pole (331). You will then be able to position and re-position the vanes as desired. Put the semaphore aside until step 16.

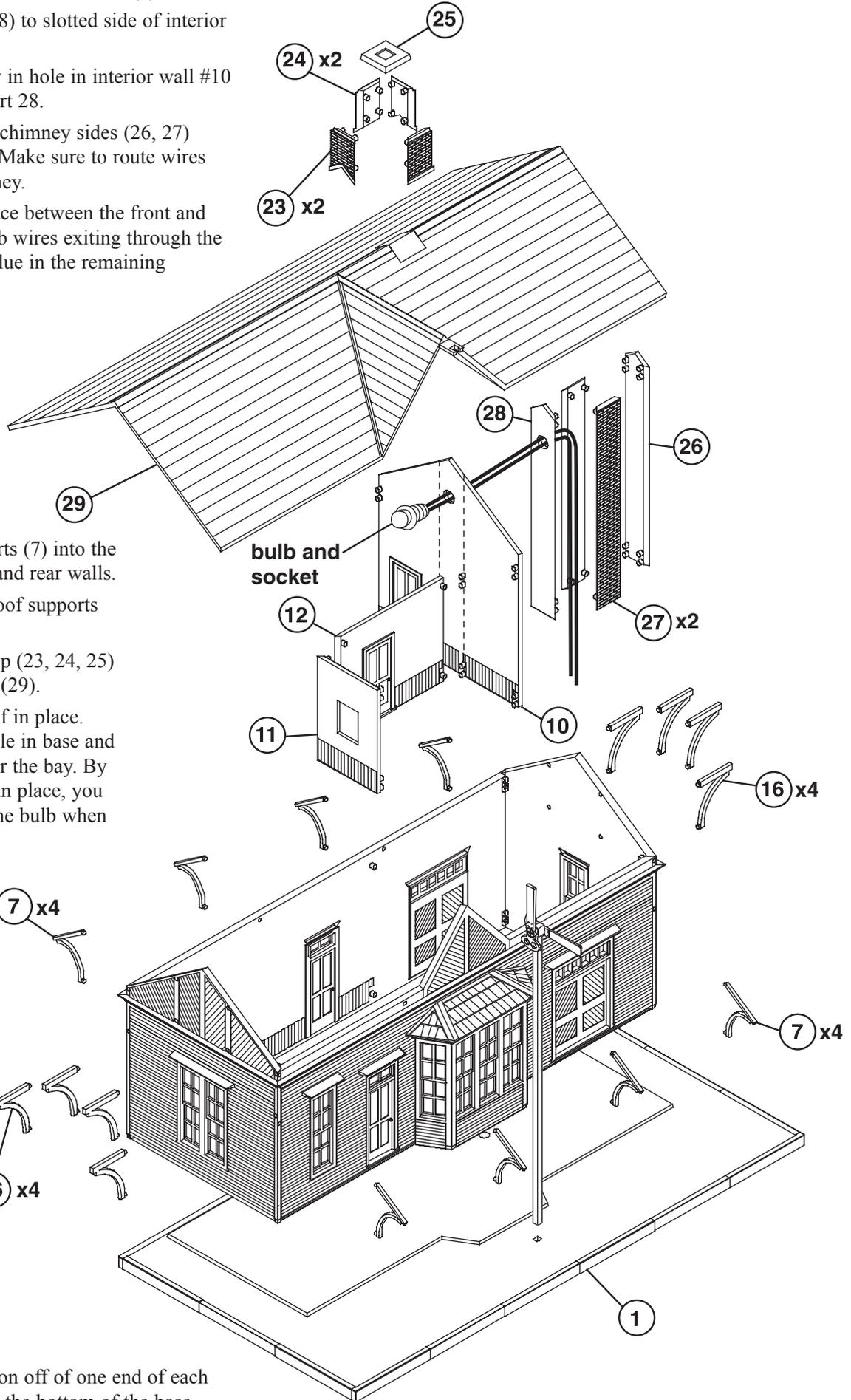


DEPOT

1. Glue the outer wall inserts (6, 15, 21, 31) to their respective walls (9, 13, 201, 30).
2. Glue the outer trim pieces (14, 17, 18, 19, 32, 33) in place on their respective walls as shown.
3. Glue the upper and lower "glass" panes (20) in place over the windows on the inside of wall #'s 9, 13, 30 and 201. Then glue the transom "glass" (22, 34) in place over the appropriate doors on the inside of the walls.
4. Glue the inserts (2, 3) in place on the bay walls (4, 41, 42).
5. Glue the upper and lower "glass" panes in place over the windows on parts 4, 41 and 42.
6. Glue the bay walls together and to the front wall assembly (6/9). Then glue the bay roof (5) in place.
7. Glue all four walls together.



8. Glue the assembled walls to the base (1).
9. Glue chimney side (28) to slotted side of interior wall #10.
10. Insert bulb assembly in hole in interior wall #10 and through chimney part 28.
11. Glue rest of interior chimney sides (26, 27) together and to part 28. Make sure to route wires down through the chimney.
12. Glue wall #10 in place between the front and back walls, with the bulb wires exiting through the hole in the base. Then glue in the remaining interior walls (11, 12).



13. Glue the roof supports (7) into the holes on both the front and rear walls.
14. Glue the side wall roof supports (16) in place.
15. Glue the chimney top (23, 24, 25) together and to the roof (29).
16. Set, do not glue, roof in place. Snap semaphore into hole in base and into bracket on roof over the bay. By not gluing these pieces in place, you will be able to change the bulb when needed.

LIGHTING

Strip 1/4" of the insulation off of one end of each wire that protrudes from the bottom of the base. Hook these wires to the terminals of a power pack, making sure voltage doesn't exceed 18 volts. The bulb will last longer in the 12 to 14 volt range.